

## AQP9 RABBIT PAB

**Cat.#:** S221217

**Product Name:** Anti-AQP9 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Synonyms:** SSC1; AQP-9; T17287; HsT17287

**UNIPROT ID:** O43315 (Gene Accession - NP\_066190 )

**Background:** The aquaporins are a family of water-selective membrane channels. This gene encodes a member of a subset of aquaporins called the aquaglyceroporins. This protein allows passage of a broad range of noncharged solutes and also stimulates urea transport and osmotic water permeability. This protein may also facilitate the uptake of glycerol in hepatic tissue . The encoded protein may also play a role in specialized leukocyte functions such as immunological response and bactericidal activity. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

**Immunogen:** Synthetic peptide of human AQP9

**Applications:** ELISA, IHC

**Recommended Dilutions:** IHC: 50-200; ELISA: 5000-10000

**Host Species:** Rabbit

**Clonality:** Rabbit Polyclonal

**Isotype:** Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

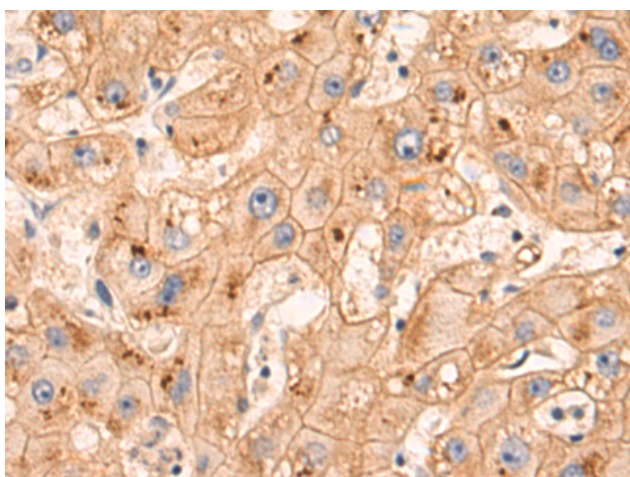
**Purification:** Antigen affinity purification

**Species Reactivity:** Human

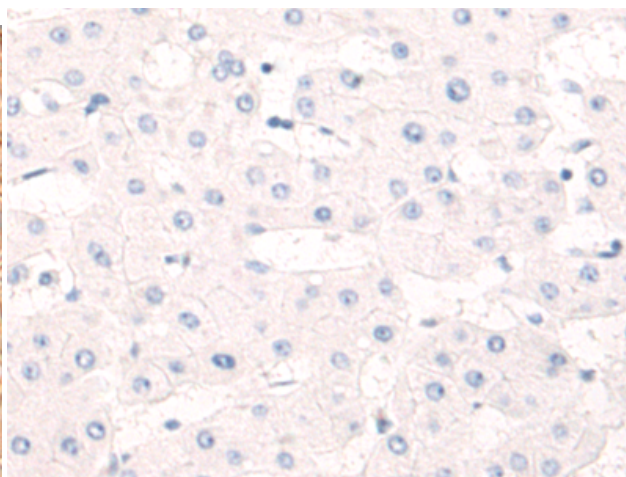
**Constituents:** PBS (without Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup>), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

**Research Areas:** Metabolism

**Storage & Shipping:** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human liver cancer tissue using 221217(AQP9 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/50(Cytoplasm and Cell membrane).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue is first treated with the synthetic peptide and then with 221217(Anti-AQP9 Antibody) at dilution 1/50.