

ASIC1 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S220390

Product Name: Anti-ASIC1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: ASIC; ACCN2; BNaC2

UNIPROT ID: P78348 (Gene Accession - NP_001086)

Background: This gene encodes a member of the acid-sensing ion channel (ASIC) family of proteins, which are part of the degenerin/epithelial sodium channel (DEG/ENaC) superfamily. Members of the ASIC family are sensitive to amiloride and function in neurotransmission. The encoded proteins function in learning, pain transduction, touch sensation, and development of memory and fear. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide of human ASIC1

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 25-50; ELISA: 1000-2000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

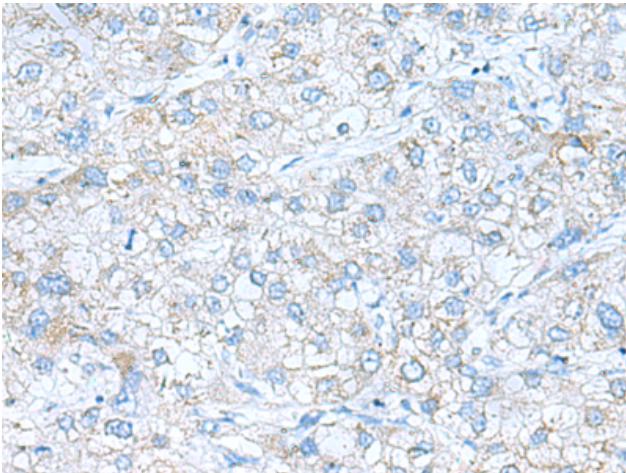
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

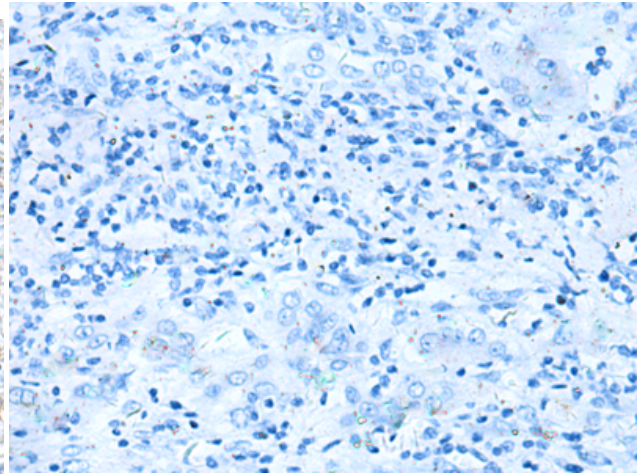
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Neuroscience

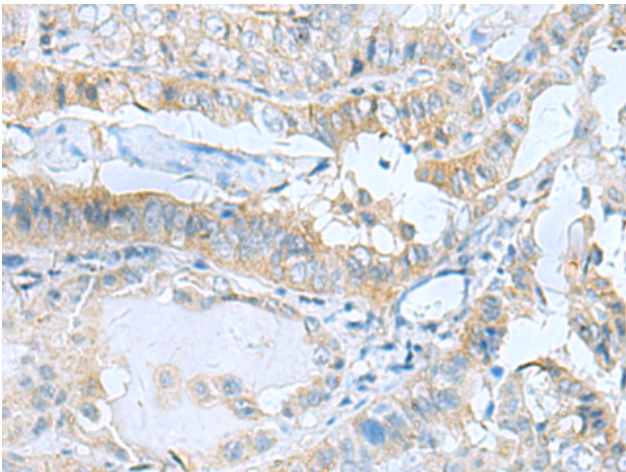
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



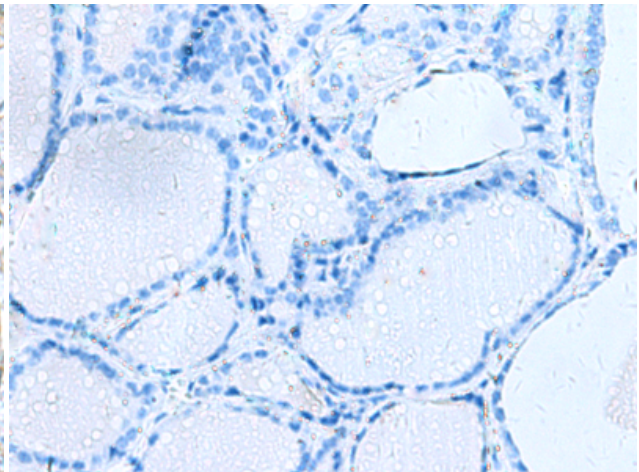
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human liver cancer tissue using 220390 (ASIC1 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/30 (Cell membrane).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue is first treated with the synthetic peptide and then with 220390 (Anti-ASIC1 Antibody) at dilution 1/30.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using 220390 (Anti-ASIC1 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/30.



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue is first treated with synthetic peptide and then with D261468 (Anti-ASIC1 Antibody) at dilution 1/30.