

## AVPR2 RABBIT PAB

**Cat.#:** S213389

**Product Name:** Anti-AVPR2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Synonyms:** DII, DIR, NDI, V2R, ADHR, DIR3

**UNIPROT ID:** P30518 (Gene Accession - NP\_000045 )

**Background:** This gene encodes a member of the ASPP (apoptosis-stimulating protein of p53) family of p53 interacting proteins. The protein contains four ankyrin repeats and an SH3 domain involved in protein-protein interactions. It is localized to the perinuclear region of the cytoplasm, and regulates apoptosis and cell growth through interactions with other regulatory molecules including members of the p53 family. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

**Immunogen:** Synthetic peptide of human AVPR2

**Applications:** ELISA, IHC

**Recommended Dilutions:** IHC: 25-100; ELISA: 1000-5000

**Host Species:** Rabbit

**Clonality:** Rabbit Polyclonal

**Isotype:** Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

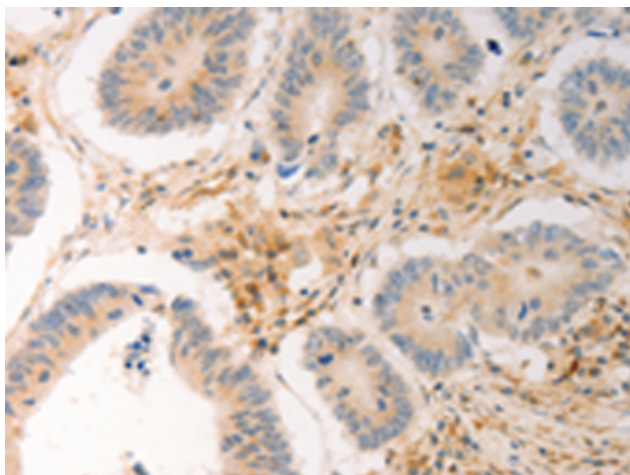
**Purification:** Antigen affinity purification

**Species Reactivity:** Human

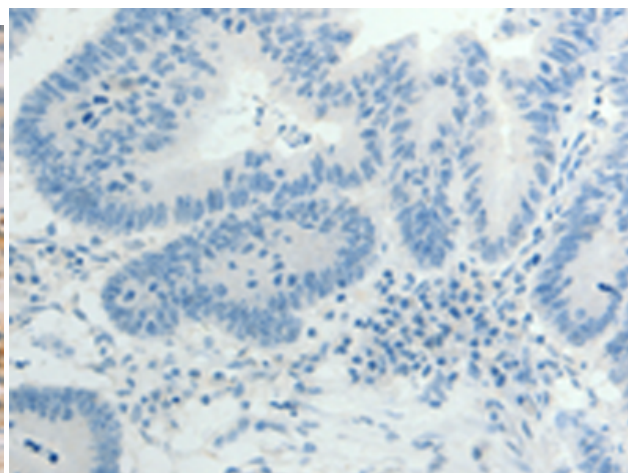
**Constituents:** PBS (without Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup>), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

**Research Areas:** Neuroscience

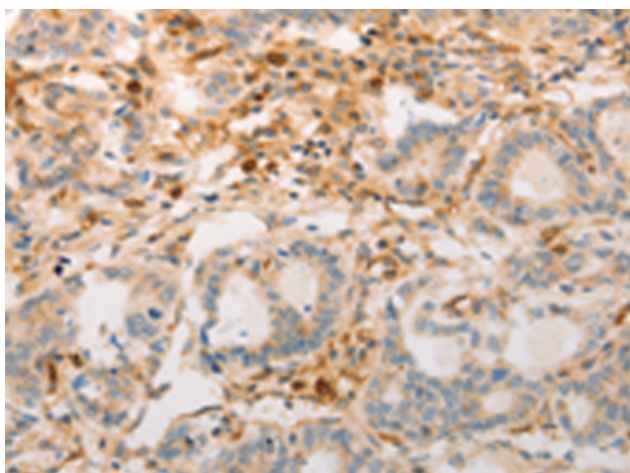
**Storage & Shipping:** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



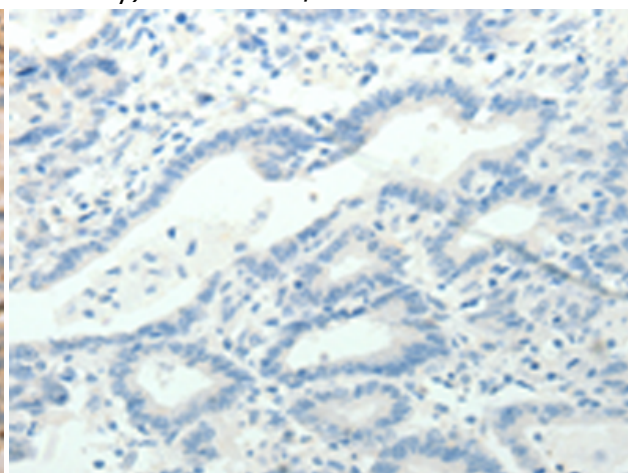
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human colon cancer tissue using 213389(AVPR2 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/30(Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue is first treated with the synthetic peptide and then with 213389(Anti-AVPR2 Antibody) at dilution 1/30.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human gastric cancer tissue using 213389(Anti-AVPR2 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/30.



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human gastric cancer tissue is first treated with synthetic peptide and then with D160112(Anti-AVPR2 Antibody) at dilution 1/30.