

CARD9 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S217240

Product Name: Anti-CARD9 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: CANDF2; hCARD9

UNIPROT ID: Q9H257 (Gene Accession - BC008877)

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the CARD protein family, which is defined by the presence of a characteristic caspase-associated recruitment domain (CARD). CARD is a protein interaction domain known to participate in activation or suppression of CARD containing members of the caspase family, and thus plays an important regulatory role in cell apoptosis. This protein was identified by its selective association with the CARD domain of BCL10, a positive regulator of apoptosis and NF-kappaB activation, and is thought to function as a molecular scaffold for the assembly of a BCL10 signaling complex that activates NF-kappaB. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed, but their full-length nature is not clearly defined.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human CARD9

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 50-200; ELISA: 1000-5000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

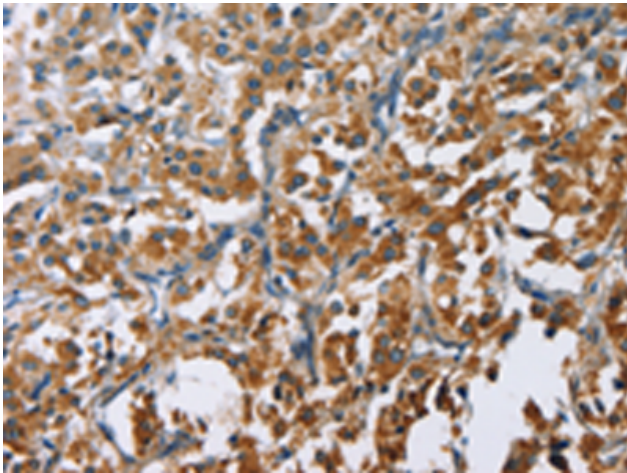
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human

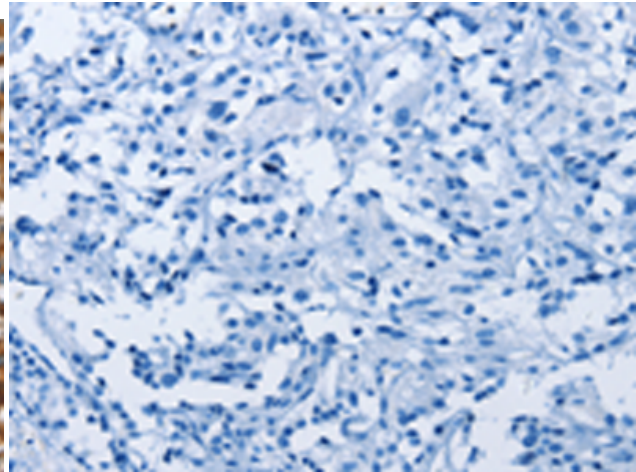
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Cancer

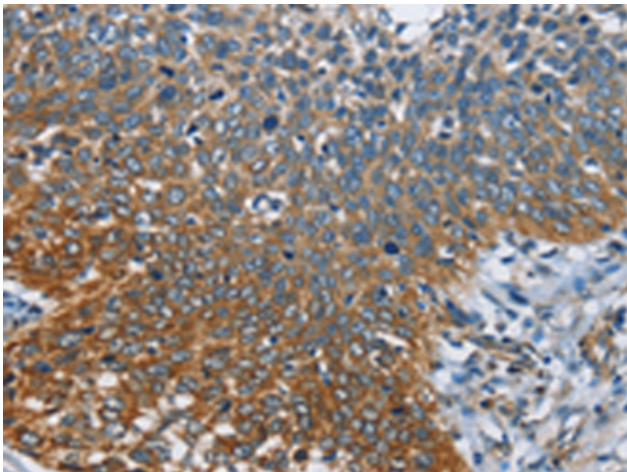
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



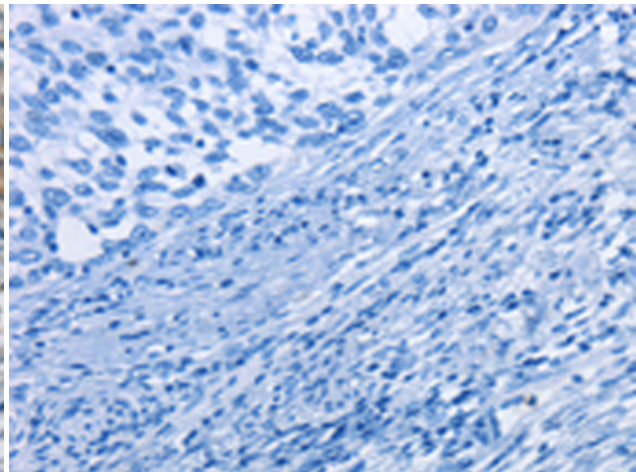
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using 217240 (CARD9 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/60 (Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 217240 (Anti-CARD9 Antibody) at dilution 1/60.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using 217240 (Anti-CARD9 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/60.



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue is first treated with fusion protein and then with D222029 (Anti-CARD9 Antibody) at dilution 1/60.