

CDC123 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S221634

Product Name: Anti-CDC123 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: D123; C10orf7

UNIPROT ID: O75794 (Gene Accession - NP_006014)

Background: The eukaryotic cell division cycle consists of a number of gene-controlled sequences that involve cyclin dependent kinases (Cdks) and cell division control (Cdc) proteins. Cdc123 (Cell division cycle protein 123), also known as D123, is a 336 amino acid cytoplasmic protein that is involved in cell cycle control. Widely expressed with high expression in thymus, spleen, ovary, testis, small intestine and leukocytes, Cdc123 functions to destabilize Chfr (checkpoint with forkhead and ring finger domain) proteins which, when accumulated, block the G to S phase transition. Cdc123 prevents the Chfr proteins from collecting in the cell, thereby allowing the cell to enter the S phase. Due to its role in cell cycle control, Cdc123 is thought to be a basal marker for luminal breast cancers.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide of human CDC123

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 25-100; ELISA: 5000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

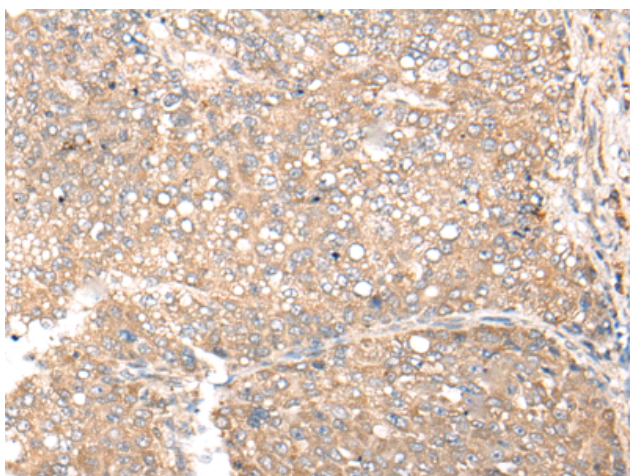
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

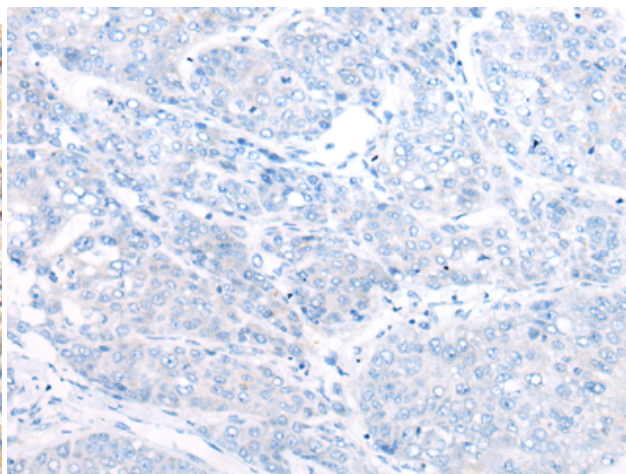
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Cancer

Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human liver cancer tissue using 221634(CDC123 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/35(Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue is first treated with the synthetic peptide and then with 221634(Anti-CDC123 Antibody) at dilution 1/35.



Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010
