

Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010

CYP2C9 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S217319

Product Name: Anti-CYP2C9 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody **Synonyms:** CPC9; CYP2C; CYP2C10; CYPIIC9; P450IIC9 **UNIPROT ID:** P11712 (Gene Accession - BC020754)

Background: This gene encodes a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monooxygenases which catalyze many reactions involved in drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This protein localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and its expression is induced by rifampin. The enzyme is known to metabolize many xenobiotics, including phenytoin, tolbutamide, ibuprofen and S-warfarin. Studies identifying individuals who are poor metabolizers of phenytoin and tolbutamide suggest that this gene is polymorphic. The gene is located within a cluster of cytochrome P450 genes on chromosome 10g24.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human CYP2C9

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 50-200; ELISA: 2000-5000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG **Purification:** Antigen affinity purification

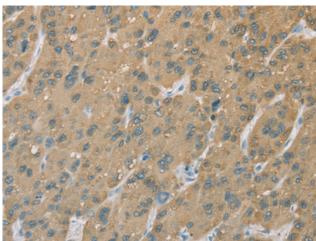
Species Reactivity: Human

Constituents: PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40%

glycerol

Research Areas: Metabolism, Cardiovascular

Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human liver cancer tissue using 217319(CYP2C9 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/50(Cytoplasm).

In comparision with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 217319(Anti-CYP2C9 Antibody) at dilution 1/50.



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