

Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010

GCNT2 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S218096

Product Name: Anti-GCNT2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: II; CCAT; IGNT; ULG3; GCNT5; GCNT2C; NACGT1; NAGCT1; CTRCT13; bA421M1.1; bA360O19.2

UNIPROT ID: Q8N0V5 (Gene Accession - BC130524)

Background: This gene encodes the enzyme responsible for formation of the blood group I

antigen. The i and I antigens are distinguished by linear and branched poly-N-

acetyllactosaminoglycans, respectively. The encoded protein is the I-branching enzyme, a beta-1,6-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase responsible for the conversion of fetal i antigen to adult I antigen in erythrocytes during embryonic development. Mutations in this gene have been associated with adult i blood group phenotype. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding

different isoforms have been described.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human GCNT2
Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 40-200; ELISA: 5000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

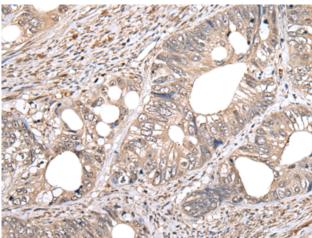
Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG **Purification:** Antigen affinity purification **Species Reactivity:** Human, Mouse

Constituents: PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40%

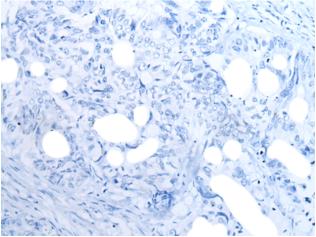
glycerol

Research Areas: Signal Transduction, Stem Cells

Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using 218096(GCNT2 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/60(Cytoplasm).



In comparision with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 218096(Anti-GCNT2 Antibody) at dilution 1/60.