

MRPL16 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S219036

Product Name: Anti-MRPL16 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: L16mt; MRP-L16; PNAS-111

UNIPROT ID: Q9NX20 (Gene Accession - BC001040)

Background: Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human MRPL16

Applications: ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 50-300;WB: 1000-5000;ELISA: 5000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

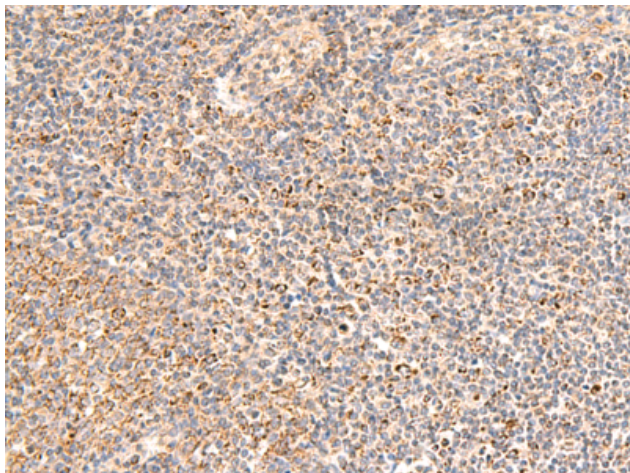
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

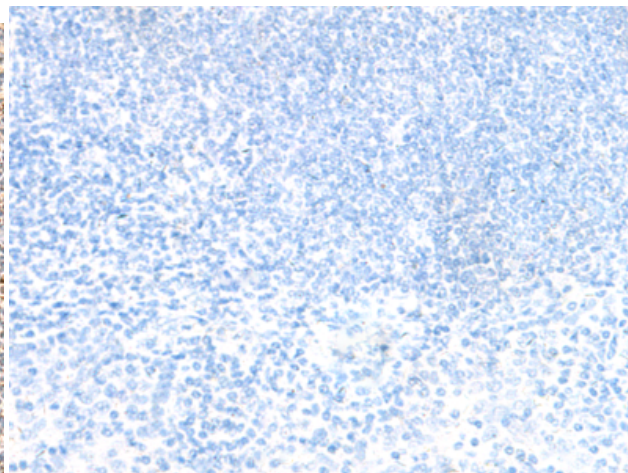
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling

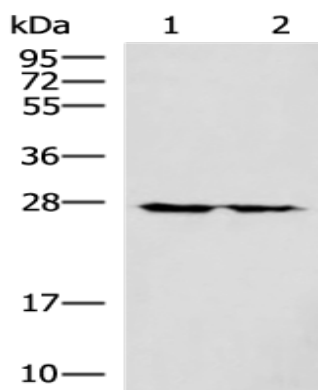
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human tonsil tissue using 219036(MRPL16 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/50(Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 219036(Anti-MRPL16 Antibody) at dilution 1/50.



Gel: 12%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 µg;
Lane 1-2: HT-29 and 293T cell lysates;
Primary antibody: 219036(MRPL16 Antibody) at dilution 1/800;
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/5000 dilution;
Exposure time: 40 seconds