

Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010

NARF RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S218688

Product Name: Anti-NARF Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: IOP2

UNIPROT ID: Q9UHQ1 (Gene Accession - BC016440)

Background: Several proteins have been found to be prenylated and methylated at their carboxyl-terminal ends. Prenylation was initially believed to be important only for membrane attachment. However, another role for prenylation appears to be its importance in protein-protein interactions. The only nuclear proteins known to be prenylated in mammalian cells are prelamin A-and B-type lamins. Prelamin A is farnesylated and carboxymethylated on the cysteine residue of a carboxyl-terminal CaaX motif. This post-translationally modified cysteine residue is removed from prelamin A when it is endoproteolytically processed into mature lamin A. The protein encoded by this gene binds to the prenylated prelamin A carboxyl-terminal tail domain. It may be a component of a prelamin A endoprotease complex. The encoded protein is located in the nucleus, where it partially colocalizes with the nuclear lamina. It shares limited sequence similarity with iron-only bacterial hydrogenases. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified for this gene, including one with a novel exon that is generated by RNA editing.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human NARF

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 50-300; ELISA: 5000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG **Purification:** Antigen affinity purification **Species Reactivity:** Human, Mouse, Rat

Constituents: PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40%

glycerol

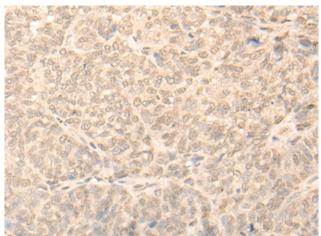
Research Areas: Signal Transduction, Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling, Neuroscience

Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing

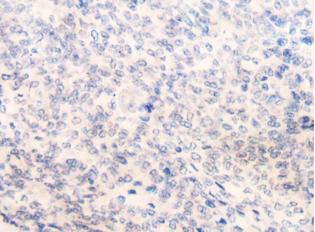


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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using 218688(NARF Antibody) at a dilution of 1/45(Nucleus).



In comparision with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 218688(Anti-NARF Antibody) at dilution 1/45.