

RACK1 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S217734

Product Name: Anti-RACK1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: H12.3; HLC-7; PIG21; GNB2L1; Gnb2-rs1

UNIPROT ID: P63244 (Gene Accession - BC000214)

Background: Scaffolding protein involved in the recruitment, assembly and/or regulation of a variety of signaling molecules. Interacts with a wide variety of proteins and plays a role in many cellular processes. Component of the 40S ribosomal subunit involved in translational repression (PubMed:23636399). Involved in the initiation of the ribosome quality control (RQC), a pathway that takes place when a ribosome has stalled during translation, by promoting ubiquitination of a subset of 40S ribosomal subunits (PubMed:28132843). Binds to and stabilizes activated protein kinase C (PKC), increasing PKC-mediated phosphorylation. May recruit activated PKC to the ribosome, leading to phosphorylation of EIF6. Inhibits the activity of SRC kinases including SRC, LCK and YES1. Inhibits cell growth by prolonging the G0/G1 phase of the cell cycle. Enhances phosphorylation of BMAL1 by PRKCA and inhibits transcriptional activity of the BMAL1-CLOCK heterodimer. Facilitates ligand-independent nuclear translocation of AR following PKC activation, represses AR transactivation activity and is required for phosphorylation of AR by SRC. Modulates IGF1R-dependent integrin signaling and promotes cell spreading and contact with the extracellular matrix. Involved in PKC-dependent translocation of ADAM12 to the cell membrane. Promotes the ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated degradation of proteins such as CLEC1B and HIF1A. Required for VANGL2 membrane localization, inhibits Wnt signaling, and regulates cellular polarization and oriented cell division during gastrulation. Required for PTK2/FAK1 phosphorylation and dephosphorylation. Regulates internalization of the muscarinic receptor CHRM2. Promotes apoptosis by increasing oligomerization of BAX and disrupting the interaction of BAX with the anti-apoptotic factor BCL2L. Inhibits TRPM6 channel activity. Regulates cell surface expression of some GPCRs such as TBXA2R. Plays a role in regulation of FLT1-mediated cell migration. Involved in the transport of ABCB4 from the Golgi to the apical bile canalicular membrane (PubMed:19674157). Promotes migration of breast carcinoma cells by binding to and activating RHOA (PubMed:20499158).

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human RACK1

Applications: ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 25-100;WB: 500-2000;ELISA: 2000-5000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

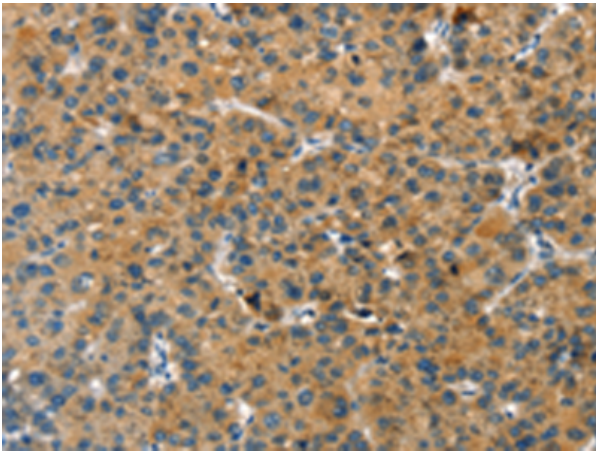
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

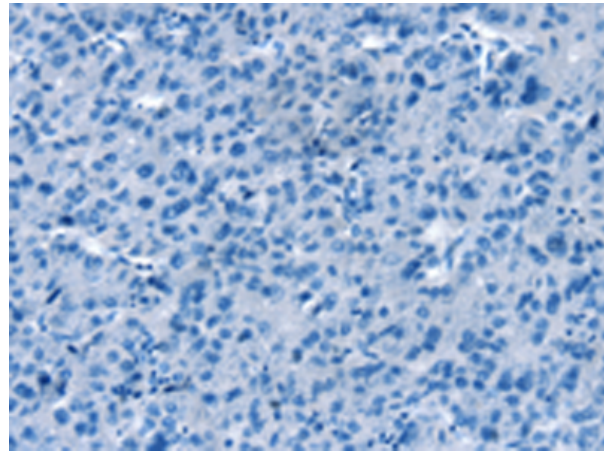
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Signal Transduction, Cancer, Cell Biology

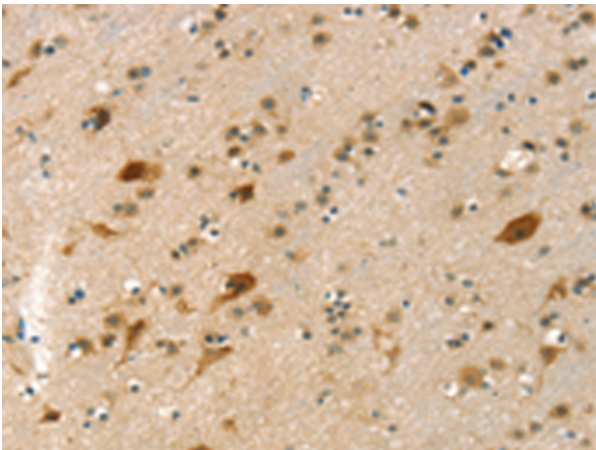
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



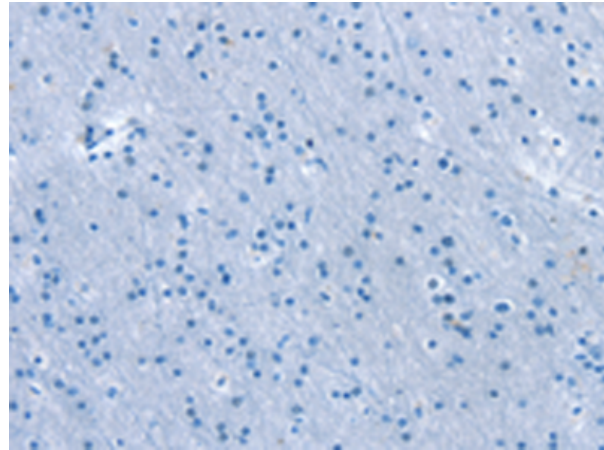
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human liver cancer tissue using 217734(RACK1 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/20(Cytoplasm).



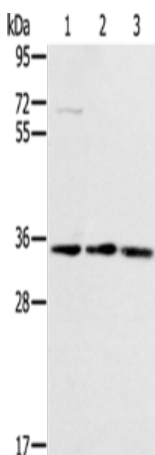
In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 217734(Anti-RACK1 Antibody) at dilution 1/20.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using 217734(Anti-RACK1 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/20.



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue is first treated with fusion protein and then with D222964(Anti-RACK1 Antibody) at dilution 1/20.



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 µg;
Lane 1-3: Hepg2 cells, NIH/3T3 cells, Jurkat cells;
Primary antibody: 217734(RACK1 Antibody) at dilution 1/300;
Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/8000 dilution;
Exposure time: 1 minute



Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010
