

TIMM8A RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S218783

Product Name: Anti-TIMM8A Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: DDP; MTS; DDPI; DFNI; TIM8

UNIPROT ID: O60220 (Gene Accession - BC006994)

Background: This translocase is involved in the import and insertion of hydrophobic membrane proteins from the cytoplasm into the mitochondrial inner membrane. The gene is mutated in Mohr-Tranebjaerg syndrome/Deafness Dystonia Syndrome (MTS/DDS) and it is postulated that MTS/DDS is a mitochondrial disease caused by a defective mitochondrial protein import system. Defects in this gene also cause Jensen syndrome; an X-linked disease with opticoacoustic nerve atrophy and muscle weakness. This protein, along with TIMM13, forms a 70 kDa heterohexamer. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human TIMM8A

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 40-200; ELISA: 5000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

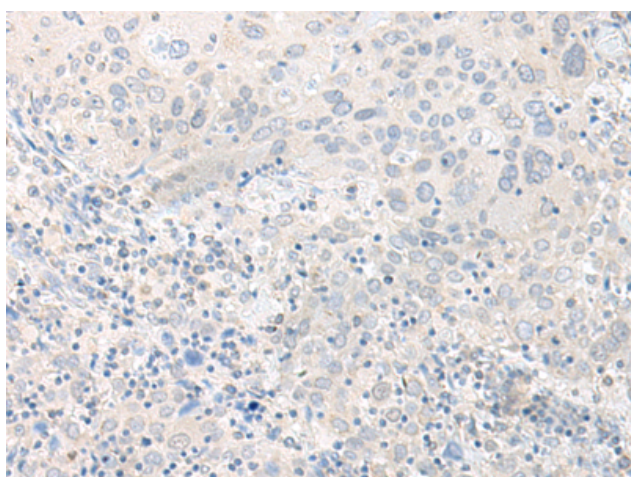
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

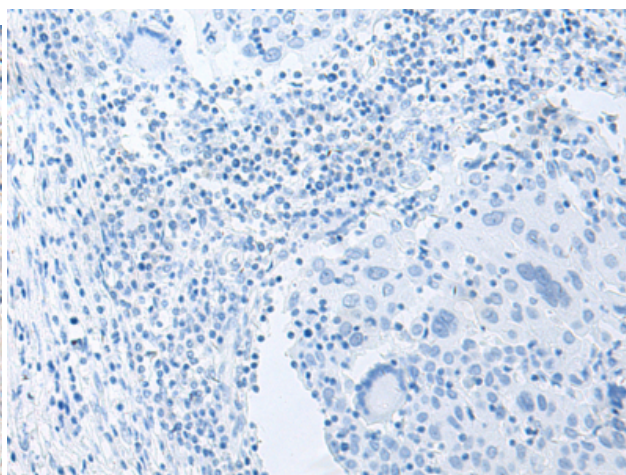
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Signal Transduction, Neuroscience

Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using 218783 (TIMM8A Antibody) at a dilution of 1/50 (Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 218783 (Anti-TIMM8A Antibody) at dilution 1/50.