

TRAIP RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S217947

Product Name: Anti-TRAIP Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: TRIP; RNF206

UNIPROT ID: Q9BWF2 (Gene Accession - BC000310)

Background: This gene encodes a protein that contains an N-terminal RING finger motif and a putative coiled-coil domain. A similar murine protein interacts with TNFR-associated factor 1 (TRAF1), TNFR-associated factor 2 (TRAF2), and cylindromatosis. The interaction with TRAF2 inhibits TRAF2-mediated nuclear factor kappa-B, subunit 1 activation that is required for cell activation and protection against apoptosis.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human TRAIP

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 30-150; ELISA: 2000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

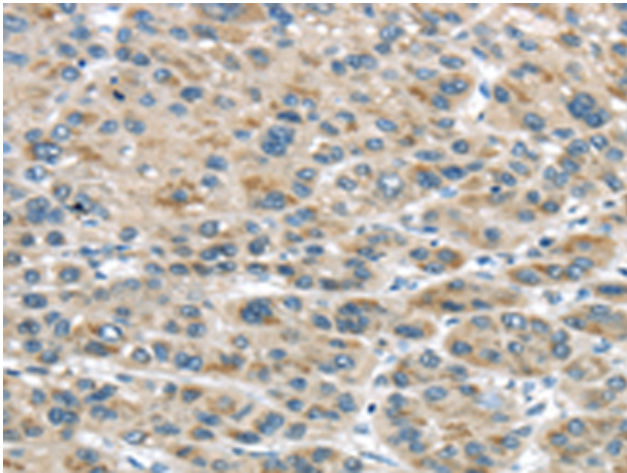
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human

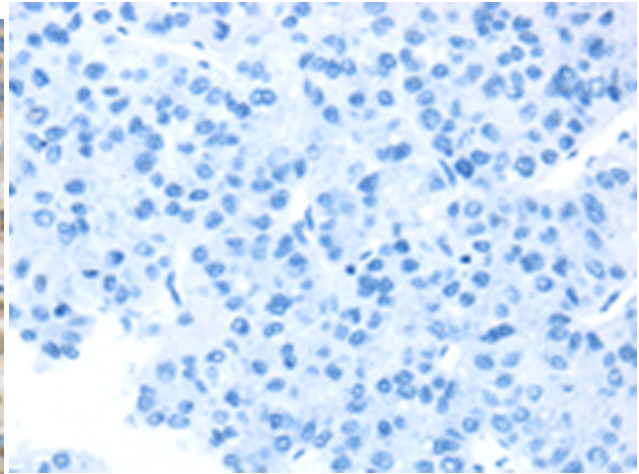
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling, Cancer

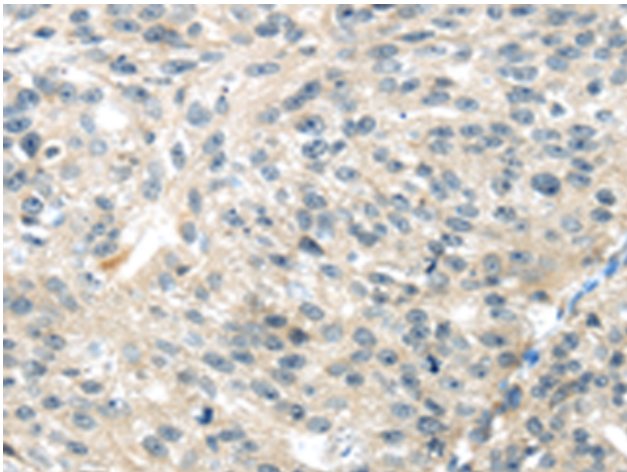
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



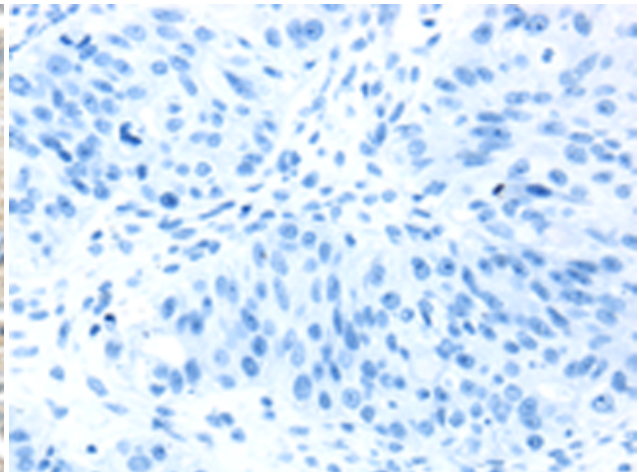
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human liver cancer tissue using 217947 (TRAIP Antibody) at a dilution of 1/40 (Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 217947 (Anti-TRAIP Antibody) at dilution 1/40.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using 217947 (Anti-TRAIP Antibody) at a dilution of 1/40.



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue is first treated with fusion protein and then with D223419 (Anti-TRAIP Antibody) at dilution 1/40.