

Product Description

Pioneering GTPase and Oncogene Product Development since 2010

HUMAN G-CSF PROTEIN

Cat.#: 12023

Product Name: Human G-CSF Protein

Size: 10 μg, 50 μg and 100 μg

Synonyms: Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factor;G-CSF;Pluripoietin;Filgrastim;Lenograstim;CSF3;C17orf33;GCSF

Target: G-CSF

UNIPROT ID: P09919

Description: Recombinant Human Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factor is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Thr31-Pro204 is expressed.

Background: Human Granulocyte–Colony–Stimulating Factor (G–CSF) is 20 kD glycoprotein containing internal disulfide bonds. It induces the survival, proliferation, and differentiation of neutrophilic granulocyte precursor cells and it functionally activates mature blood neutrophils. Among the family of colony–stimulating factors, G–CSF is the most potent inducer of terminal differentiation to granulocytes and macrophages of leukemic myeloid cell lines. The synthesis of G–CSF can be induced by bacterial endotoxins, TNF, Interleukin–1, and GM–CSF. Prostaglandin E2 inhibits the synthesis of G–CSF. In epithelial, endothelial, and fibroblastic cells secretion of G–CSF is induced by Interleukin–17.

Species/Host: E.coli

Molecular Weight: 18.8 KDa

Molecular Characterization: Not available

Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Formulation & Reconstitution: Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.

Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.



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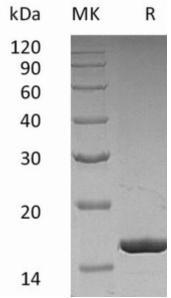


Figure 1. Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.