

## HUMAN IL-8 PROTEIN, HFC TAG

**Cat.#:** 11622

**Product Name:** Human IL-8 Protein; HFc Tag

**Size :** 10 µg; 50 µg and 100 µg

**Synonyms:** CXCL8; NAF; GCPI; LECT; LUCT; NAPI; GCP-1; LYNAP; MDNCF; MONAP; NAP-1; SCYB8

**Target:** IL8

**UNIPROT ID:** P10145

**Description:** Recombinant Human IL8 Protein With N-Terminal Human Fc Tag

**Background:** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the CXC chemokine family and is a major mediator of the inflammatory response. The encoded protein is commonly referred to as interleukin-8 (IL-8). IL-8 is secreted by mononuclear macrophages, neutrophils, eosinophils, T lymphocytes, epithelial cells, and fibroblasts. It functions as a chemotactic factor by guiding the neutrophils to the site of infection. Bacterial and viral products rapidly induce IL-8 expression. IL-8 also participates with other cytokines in the proinflammatory signaling cascade and plays a role in systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS). This gene is believed to play a role in the pathogenesis of the lower respiratory tract infection bronchiolitis, a common respiratory tract disease caused by the respiratory syncytial virus (RSV). The overproduction of this proinflammatory protein is thought to cause the lung inflammation associated with cystic fibrosis. This proinflammatory protein is also suspected of playing a role in coronary artery disease and endothelial dysfunction. This protein is also secreted by tumor cells and promotes tumor migration, invasion, angiogenesis and metastasis. This chemokine is also a potent angiogenic factor. The binding of IL-8 to one of its receptors (IL-8RB/CXCR2) increases the permeability of blood vessels and increasing levels of IL-8 are positively correlated with increased severity of multiple disease outcomes (eg, sepsis). This gene and other members of the CXC chemokine gene family form a gene cluster in a region of chromosome 4q. [provided by RefSeq, May 2020]

**Species/Host:** HEK293

**Molecular Weight:** The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 34.5 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of hFc-IL8 is approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation.

**Formulation & Reconstitution:** Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization.

**Storage & Shipping:** Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.

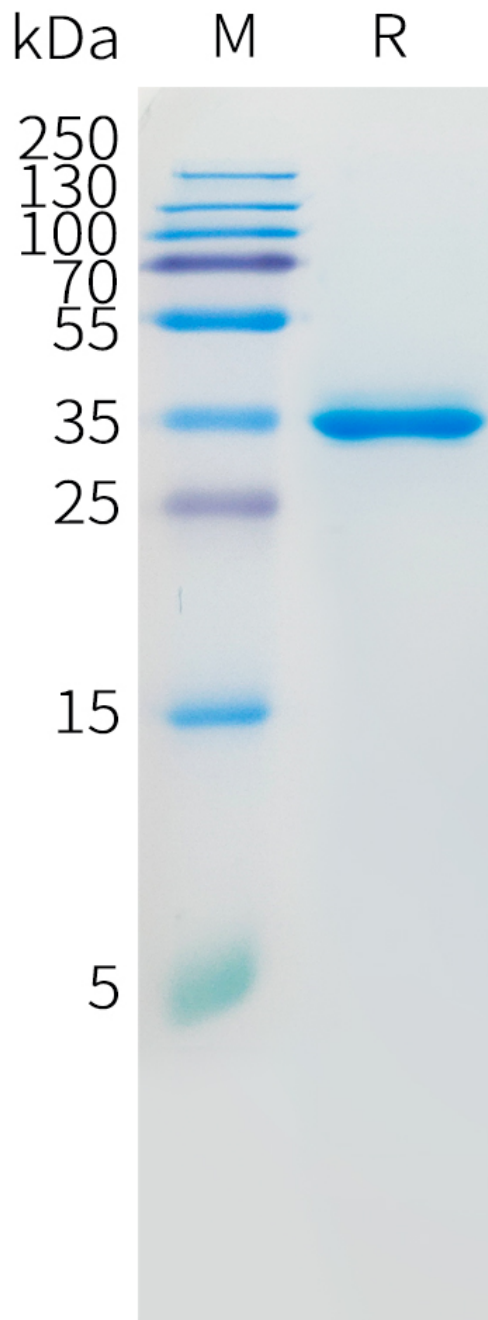


Figure 1. Human IL8 Protein, hFc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.